



# EcoR I

Recognition Sequence:

E058

25,000 units 20.000 u/ml

GLAATTC. CTTAA†G

Lot: Exp:

Store at -20C

	SE-Buffers	В	G	0	W	Υ	ROSE
	%Activity	50-75	75-100	75-100	75-100	50-75	50
37°C 65°C FcoRl A RR BSA							

For more details scen the code



## CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Source: An E.coli strain that carries the cloned EcoR I gene from Escherichia coli.

### Supplied in:

10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 200 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 7 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol.

#### Reaction Conditions:

1× SE-Buffer EcoR I, BSA (100 μg/ml). Incubate at 37° C.

### 1X SE-Buffer EcoR I(pH 7.6 @ 25° C):

100 mM Tris-HCl 50mM NaCl 10 mM MqCl<sub>2</sub> 1 mM DTT

### Heat Inactivation:

Enzyme is inactivated by incubation at 65°C for 20 minutes.

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 µg of Lambda DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl. To obtain 100% activity, BSA should be added to the 1 x reaction mix to a final concentration of 100 μg/ml. High enzyme concentration and using of nonoptimal buffer may result in star activity. Do not use BSA for long incubation.

### Quality Control Assays

Ligation: After 40-fold overdigestion with EcoR I, ~95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated and recut.

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 μl reaction containing in 1 μg of DNA and 40 Units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour.

Oligonucleotide Assay: No detectable degradation of a single-stranded and double-stranded oligonucleotide was observed after incubation with 20 units of restriction endonuclease for 3 hours.

### **Enzyme Properties:**

When using a buffer other than the optimal (Supplied) SE-Buffer, it may be necessary to add more enzymes to achieve complete digestion.

### Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:

10X SE Buffer EcoR I, BSA (10 ma/ml).